IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS EL PASO DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	§	
	§	
Plaintiff,	§	
	§	
V.	§	CRIMINAL NO. EP-10-CR-2842(2)-FM
	§	
JOSEPH O'HARA,	§	
	§	
Defendant.	§	

GOVERNMENT'S MOTION TO REDACT INDICTMENT

Comes Now, the United States of America, by and through the United States Attorney for the Western District of Texas, and files this its Motion to Redact Indictment ("Motion") in the above numbered cause, and would show the Court the following:

I. BACKGROUND

The indictment in this case charges the defendants, Joseph O'Hara and Tomas Gabaldon with: (1) Conspiracy to Commit Mail Fraud and the Deprivation of Honest Services; (2) Mail Fraud and the Deprivation of Honest Services, and; (3) Conspiracy to Commit Wire Fraud and the Deprivation of Honest Services. The indictment was returned on November 3, 2010. On December 7, 2011, Defendant, Tomas Gabaldon pled guilty to Count One of the Indictment pursuant to a plea agreement.

Count One of the Indictment contains an Introductory section that is reincorporated and realleged in Counts Two and Three. Section B of the Introductory Section is entitled "Texas Law Regarding the Conduct of Local Government Officials and Rules and Regulations Regarding Bids and Purchasing." Subsections one through five of Section B list various provisions contained in the Texas Penal Code concerning bribery of public servants. *See* Indictment at 2. Subsections six

through eight contain various provisions of the Texas Education Code that relate to school district contracts. Subsection 9 recites a provision of the Texas Local Government Code relating to contracting requirements. Through this Motion, Government seeks to redact Section B of the Introduction from the Indictment.

II. ARGUMENT & AUTHORITIES

The removal of allegations from an indictment that are unnecessary to prove the alleged offense is permissible and does not entail an impermissible amendment of the indictment. *See United States v. Miller*, 471 U.S. 130, 144 (1985) (striking of allegations concerning one of the alleged schemes to defraud victim in mail fraud indictment was permissible). A district court may properly allow redaction of unnecessary allegations from an indictment. *See United States v. Perez*, 673 F.3d 667, 669 (7th Cir. 2012) (district court properly permitted redaction of names of codefendants from indictment to avoid confusion to the jury and reflect that defendant was the only person on trial).

The Government seeks to redact Section B of the Introduction to the Indictment because such language is surplusage and is not necessary to obtain a conviction under 18 U.S.C. § 1346 given the Supreme Court's ruling in *Skilling v. United States*. 130 S. Ct. 2896 (2010). At issue in *Skilling* was whether the deprivation of honest services statute, 18 U.S.C. § 1346 was unconstitutionally vague and whether the defendant employee's undisclosed self-dealing was sufficient for a conviction under the statute. The Supreme Court rejected defendant's vagueness argument, but construed § 1346 to require evidence of a breach of a fiduciary duty involving either a bribe or a kickback. *Id.* at 2930-31, 2933. With regard to the existence of a fiduciary duty, the Court specifically noted three examples of fiduciary relationships: (1) public official-public; (2) employee-employer; and (3) union

official-union employee. Id. at 2931 n.41. The Court held that § 1346 criminalized "only the bribe-

and-kickback core of the pre-McNally case law." Id. at 2931. In so holding, the Court announced

that its construction of § 1346 established a "uniform national standard." As such, proof of state law

violations is not necessary to prove a violation of § 1346, and the inclusion of such language in the

Introductory section of the Indictment is extraneous, unnecessary and will only lead to confusion

of the jury.

III. CONCLUSION

WHEREFORE, PREMISES CONSIDERED, the Government respectfully requests that this

Motion be granted, and that Section B of the Introduction to the Indictment be redacted from the

Indictment.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT PITMAN

UNITED STATES ATTORNEY

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on this 16th day of May, 2012, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the Clerk of the Court using the CM/ECF System, which will, in turn, send notification of said filing to the following counsel of record through the CM/ECF System:

Albert G. Weisenberger 521 Texas Avenue El Paso, Texas 79901

<u>/s/</u>

J. Chris Skillern Assistant United States Attorney

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Plaintiff, v. JOSEPH O'HARA , Defendant.	\$ \$ \$ \$ CRIMINAL NO. EP-10-CR-2842(2)-FM \$ \$ \$
Defendant.	Ç
	<u>ORDER</u>
On this date came on to be consider	red the Government's Motion to Redact Indictment in the
above numbered cause, and the Court havir	ng considered the same, is of the opinion that said Motion
should be granted.	
IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED t	that the Government's Motion to Redact Indictment be
GRANTED.	
IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that	the Section B of the Introduction to the Indictment be
redacted from the Indictment currently per	nding in this case.
SIGNED and ENTERED this the _	, 2012.
	FRANK MONTALVO
	UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE